Security Level:

Reconsideration of PINbased Receiver for 25GbE SMF 40Km

Xi Huang

HUAWE

www.huawei.com

HUAWEI TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD.

Content

- 1. Overview
- 2. Experimental results
- 3. Economic analysis
- 4. Conclusions

Overview





Based on Dr Tamura's proposal, these solutions satisfy link budget of 25G SMF 40Km application.



In this proposal, we will evaluate the BER performance and economic aspect based on PIN-solution.



Experimental results



- 25G EML/DML devices and 25G PIN devices are commercially available.
- Based on our experimental results, the Rx sensitivity of PIN+EML is about -18.2dBm in OMA and DML+PIN is about -17.6dBm in OMA
- For more data on APDs, please refer to tamura_3cc_03_0916.pdf & Huang_3cc_1116.pdf.



Why should a PIN-based solution be considered (Economic analysis)





Fig.1 System economic comparison

- For Tx side, two alternatives could be chosen, i.e., EML and
 DML. EML typically includes TEC usually. So the performance of
 EML is better than DML under the high-temperature.
- For Rx side, we have also two alternatives, i.e., APD and PIN. Usually, the performance of APD is better than PIN. We should acknowledge that the cost difference between APD and PIN is very large now and likely in the future . It is more economical to use PIN-based solution if possible.
- So, if a PIN-based receiver solution can be shown to meet BER requirements for the 25G SMF 40 Km application, a good balance for TX and RX costs can be achieved.



Update of Link budget(25GE SMF 40Km)



Benefits:

- 1. If we shift up **2.8dB** in the link budget, both PIN and APD satisfy to achieve 25GE SMF 40Km
- 2. We then have more options for Tx /Rx side for the 25G SMF 40Km link , i.e, EML+APD/ DML+APD/ EML+PIN even DML+PIN.
- 3. It is the best choice based on current and future technological state of the art.

Maximum Tx power consideration



- Base on our simulated and experimental results, the threshold power of SBS is about +10dBm (Fiber loss of 40Km is significantly increased.)
- To avoid potential SBS, the maximum transmitter power should keep to below +10dBm.

HUAWEI

System margin analysis



We have investigated the device capability on both Tx side and Rx side. All devices are commercial availably.

- 1. Based on EML+PIN solution, it is at least 1.0dB margin on Tx side and at least 2.0dB margin on Rx side.
- 2. Based on **DML**+**APD** solution, the margin on Tx side is limited but the Tx power is large enough for 40Km scenario. Increasing DML optical power may technically feasible.
- 3. Based on **EML**+**APD** solution, there are usually many margins on both Tx side and Rx side.
- 4. Based on **DML+PIN**, the margin is limited, but it still satisfies the 18dB requirement.



Conclusions

- The proposed link budget shifts the 2.8 dB of OMA from the receiver to the transmitter to allow lower cost pin based implementation.
- It offers lower cost more reliable alternative for 25G 40 km SMF PMD based on EML+PIN or DML+PIN.
- The proposed link budget supports all 4 combination of the device type, i.e., EML/DML+PIN and EML/DML+APD.



Transmit characteristics

| Description | 25GBASE-ER (D2.0) | 25GBASE-ER (Huawei Proposal) | Unit |
|--|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------|
| Signaling rate (range) | 25.78125 ± 100 ppm | 25.78125 ± 100 ppm | GBd |
| Center wavelength (range) | 1295 to 1310 | 1295 to 1310 | nm |
| Side-mode suppression ratio (SMSR), (min) | 30 | 30 | dB |
| Average launch power (max) | 6 | 6 | dBm |
| Average launch powera (min) | -3 | -0.2 | dBm |
| Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMA), (max) | 6 | 6 | dBm |
| Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMA)), (min) | 0 | 2.8 | dBm |
| Launch power in OMA minus TDP (min) | -1 | 1.8 | dBm |
| Transmitter and dispersion penalty (TDP)), (max) | 2.7 | 2.7 | dB |
| Average launch power of OFF transmitter (max) | -25 | -25 | dBm |
| Extinction ratio (min) | 4 | 4 | dB |
| RIN200MA (max) | -130 | -130 | dB/Hz |
| Optical return loss tolerance (max) | 20 | 20 | dB |
| Transmitter reflectancec (max) | -12 | -12 | dB |
| Transmitter eye mask definition {X1, X2, X3, Y1, Y2, Y3} Hit ratio 5x10-5 hits per sample. | {0.31, 0.4, 0.45, 0.34, 0.38, 0.4} | {0.31, 0.4, 0.45, 0.34, 0.38, 0.4} | |



Receive characteristics

| Description | 25GBASE-ER (D2.0) | 25GBASE-ER (Huawei Proposal) | Unit |
|---|---|---|------|
| Signaling rate (range) | 25.78125 ± 100 ppm | 25.78125 ± 100 ppm | GBd |
| Center wavelength (range) | 1295 to 1325 | 1295 to 1325 | nm |
| Damage threshold (min) | -3 | -3 | dBm |
| Average receive power (max) | -4 | -4 | dBm |
| Average receive power (min) | -19.6 | -16.8 | dBm |
| Receive power (OMA), (max) | -4 | -4 | dBm |
| Receiver reflectance (max) | -26 | -26 | dBm |
| Receiver sensitivity (OMA), (max) | -19 | -16.2 -18.2 | dBm |
| Stressed receiver sensitivity (OMA), (max) | -16.5 | -13.7 | dBm |
| Conditions of stressed receiver sensitivity test | • | | • |
| Vertical eye closure penalty | 1.9 | 1.9 | dB |
| Stressed eye J2 Jittere | 0.27 | 0.27 | UI |
| Stressed eye J4 Jittere | 0.39 | 0.39 | UI |
| SRS eye mask definition {X1, X2, X3, Y1, Y2, Y3} Hit ratio 5x10-5 hits per sample. | $\{0.24, 0.5, 0.5, \\0.24, 0.24, 0.4\}$ | $\{0.24, 0.5, 0.5, 0.24, 0.24, 0.24, 0.4\}$ | |



Thank you



The capability of DML



